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# The People's Korea

No. 486 EVERY WEDNESDAY JUNE 24 1970 (1961年8月22日第三種郵便物認可) ★ Price 15 yen (5 cents)


# At Invitation of Marshal KIM IL SUNG and President Choi Yong Kun, Samdech NORODOM SIHANOUK, Head Of State of Cambodia, Makes State Visit to DPRK

PYONGYANG (KCNA)—Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, and his wife arrived in Pyongyang on Jun. 15 by special train on a state visit to our country at the invitation of Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade Choi Yong Kun, President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly.

Arriving with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk were Prince Penn Nouth, Prime Minister of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia and Chairman of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the National United Front of Kampuchea, and his wife; Prince Norodom Yuvanath, son of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk; Princess Ket Kanya, aunt of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk; General Duong Sam Ol, Minister of Military Equipment and Armament, and his wife; Ker Meas, Ambassador of the Kingdom of Cambodia under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea to the People's Republic of China, and suite members.

Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, was wrapped in an atmosphere of warm welcome.

On the faces of the welcoming crowd could be read sentiments of militant solidarity and warm friendship for the valiant Cambodian people who are waging a vigorous struggle with arms in their hands against the U.S. imperialists and the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique, their stooges, to drive the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of their land and win the genuine freedom and liberation of the country and defend peace in Indochina and the rest of Asia under the correct leadership of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and the National United Front of Kampuchea.

A portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and a portrait of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, the outstanding leader of the Cambodian people and a dear friend of our people, were put up respectfully in the railway station plaza.

A guard of honour of three services of the Korean People's Army lined up in the railway station plaza.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and his wife came to the station before the arrival of the guests.

Present at the railway station were Choi Yong Kun, President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly, and his wife; Kim Il, First vice-Premier, and his wife; General Choe Hyon, Minister of National Defence; Choe Yong Jin and Chong Jun Taek, vice-Premiers; and Kang Ryang Uk, vice-President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly and Chairman of the Central Committee of the North Korean Democratic Party; Pak Sin Dok, Member of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly and Chairman of the Central Committee of the Religious Chongu Party; Members of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the Fatherland Front; Ministers of the Cabinet; and other leading functionaries of government organs and public organizations; Generals of the Korean People's Army; and responsible men of science, culture, arts and the press.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, warmly shaking hands with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk

Also present there were diplomatic representatives and correspondents of various countries in our country.

When the special train carrying the guests pulled in the station compound at 4:00 p.m., the crowd unanimously cheered and waved the bouquets, warmly welcoming the goodwill mission of the Cambodian people who are fighting valorously with arms in their hands against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the common enemy, and actively supporting the just struggle of our people for forcing the U.S. imperialist aggressors to withdraw from South Korea and achieving the independent unification of the country.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk alighted from the train waving to the crowd in response to their enthusiastic welcome.

Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister Pak Sung Chul and his wife accompanied Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his party from Sinuiju, a border city, and vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Kwon Hui Gyong had conducted the guests from Peking, and Kim Un Hwan, who was the Korean Ambassador to Cambodia, and his wife, and Li In Chun, Acting Chief of Protocol of the Foreign Ministry from Tantung.

And Ang Kim Khoan, Ambassador of the Kingdom of Cambodia under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea to our country, and his wife had accompanied the party of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk from Tantung.

Premier Kim Il Sung firmly shook hands with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and warmly embraced him.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his party exchanged greetings with the leading cadres of the Government and other cadres of our country and diplomatic representatives of various countries in our country.

Little girls presented the guests with fragrant flowers overflowing with friendship.

A grand ceremony for welcoming Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, was held in the railway station plaza.

The national anthems of Cambodia and our country were played and a 21 gun salute was fired.

Accompanied by Premier Kim Il Sung and President Choi Yong Kun, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Prince Penn Nouth reviewed the guard of honour of three services of the Korean People's Army.

Premier Kim Il Sung and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk made speeches at the railway station.

After the welcome ceremony, in company with Premier Kim Il Sung, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk passed before the crowd, answering their enthusiastic cheers imbued with the sentiments of firm militant solidarity and warm friendship for the courageous Cambodian people who are waging a just anti-U.S., national salvation war of resistance against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the common enemy.

Welcome structures decorated with the national flags of Korea and Cambodia were erected here and there in the streets of the capital, and the flags of the two countries were fluttering side by side on tall buildings, flag poles and lamp posts.

A welcoming crowd of 200,000 were waiting for the guests, loudly singing revolutionary songs and dancing along the six-km-long streets from the Pyongyang railway station to the Guest House.

The crowd enthusiastically welcomed Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, the outstanding leader of the Cambodian peoples and a close friend of our people, shouting "welcome" "friendship" and "solidarity" in Cambodian language and waving bouquets above their heads.

The motorcade of the guests with the open car carrying Premier Kim Il Sung in company with President Choi Yong Kun and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk in the van moved slowly through the rain of confetti and multi-colored tapes.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, together with Premier Kim Il Sung, waved to the working masses in response to their warm cheers.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, and his wife paid on Jun. 15 a courtesy call on Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and his wife.

Premier Kim Il Sung had a cordial and friendly talk with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk.

On the evening of June 15, Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae arranged a grand banquet at the Mansudae Assembly Hall in welcome of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, and his wife Princess Monique Sihanouk on a state visit to our country.

Premier Kim Il Sung and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk spoke at the banquet. (See on page 2)

The banquet proceeded in a cordial atmosphere overflowing with the feelings of friendship.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade Kim Song Ae, his wife, paid a return call on Jun. 16 on Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, and Princess Monique Sihanouk, his wife.

Premier Kim Il Sung had a cordial and friendly talk with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk.

Talks were held on Jun. 16 between Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea.

Views on a number of questions of common concern were exchanged at the talks which proceeded in an atmosphere of warm fraternal friendship.

On the morning of June 17, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Princess Monique Sihanouk, his wife, and his party inspected the Red Flag Mangyongdae Revolution School.

Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Kim Song Ae, his wife, accompanied the guests to the school.

A welcome ceremony was held in honour of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea.

Accompanied by Premier Kim Il Sung, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Prince Penn Nouth reviewed the guard of honour.

Young pioneers tied red neckerchiefs around the necks of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the fatherly Leader, and Comrade Kim Song Ae, his wife, and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Princess Monique Sihanouk, his wife, and members of his party and presented them with bouquets of fragrant flowers.

On the evening of June 17, a song and dance performance of Pyongyang kindergarten children was given at the theatre of the Pyongyang Students and Children's Palace in welcome of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, and his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae saw the performance together with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his wife Princess Monique Sihanouk.

Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Kim Song Ae, his wife, arranged a luncheon on Jun. 18 in honour of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk.

The luncheon proceeded in a warm atmosphere overflowing with the feelings of fraternal friendship.

On the evening of June 18, a combined music and dance performance was given at the Pyongyang Grand Theatre in welcome of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk.

Comrade Premier Kim Il Sung and his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae saw the performance together with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his wife Princess Monique Sihanouk.

After the performance Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his wife Princess Monique Sihanouk, and Prince Penn Nouth and his wife mounted the stage together with Comrade Premier Kim Il Sung and his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae and presented a basket of flowers to the artists congratulating them on their successful performance and posed for a photograph with them.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his party continue to stay in the DPRK.

# Speech of Premier KIM IL SUNG At Banquet

*PYONGYANG, Jun. 16 (KCNA)—Comrade Premier Kim Il Sung and his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae arranged a banquet last evening in welcome of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his wife Princess Monique Sihanouk now on a state visit to our country.*

*Follows the speech of Premier Kim Il Sung at the banquet:*

Esteemed Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madam Sihanouk,

Esteemed Samdech Penn Nouth and Madam Nouth,

Esteemed distinguished guests from Cambodia

Comrades and friends

We are very happy today to meet again Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, the outstanding leader of the Kingdom of Cambodia and our intimate friend after some years in Pyongyang, the capital of our country, and get together in an atmosphere of such overflowing feelings of fraternal friendship.

I once again extend warm welcome, in the name of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people, to Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front, and Madam Sihanouk, Samdech Penn Nouth, Prime Minister of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia and Chairman of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the National United Front and Madam Nouth and the distinguished Cambodian guests.

The Cambodian people are the brothers, friends and comrades-in-arms who are fighting together with us on one and the same front against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the common enemy. The sincere feelings cherished by our people towards the Cambodian people have made the Pyongyang citizens greeting you today seethe with such warm and unprecedented joy and jubilance.

The Cambodian people enjoyed independence, peace and freedom under the correct leadership of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk for the past 16 years but they are now suffering a war calamity due to the barbarous armed aggression of the U.S. imperialists and the traitorous, country-selling acts of their stooges, the right-wing treacherous clique of Cambodia.

Upholding the call of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State, and firmly rallied around the newly formed National United Front of Kampuchea, the patriotic people of Cambodia have valiantly risen up in the sacred war of resistance for national-salvation against the piratic aggression of U.S. imperialism and already liberated vast areas of Cambodia.

The Royal Government of National Union under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea has received absolute support and recognition of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and many peace- and justice-loving countries of the world and its international position has been firmly consolidated.

We highly appreciate all the correct measures taken by Samdech Norodom Shihanouk to smash the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges and his indomitable spirit of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle and rejoice over the successes gained by the Cambodian people and National Liberation Army in this struggle as our own successes and congratulate them.

The peoples of the three countries—Cambodia Vietnam and Laos—are dealing increasingly greater blows at the U.S. imperialist aggressors as the days go by through a firmly united joint struggle in conformity with the joint declaration of the historic summit conference of the Indochinese peoples, whereas U.S. imperialism has come across unprecedented wrathful condemnation and resistance from among the peoples of the whole world and even in the United States because of its armed invasion of Cambodia.

All this shows that no matter how desperately they act, the U.S. imperialists can never prop up the crumbling Lon Nol-Sirik Matak puppet clique and save themselves from doom.

The Korean people are firmly convinced that the day will surely come when the Cambodian people completely liberate the whole land of Cambodia and build an independent, free, peaceful, neutral and prosperous Cambodia under the banner of the National United Front, in accordance with the Five-Point Declaration made by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk on March 23

I once again solemnly declare that the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people will, in the future, too, actively support by all necessary means the fraternal Cambodian people in their righteous anti-U.S., national-salvation war of resistance against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the common enemy, till they win a final victory.

Comrades and friends,

At present the U.S. imperialists are not only spreading the flames of war in Indochina but also playing with fire almost every day to provoke a new war in Korea, continually straining the situation in the Taiwan strait and creating an acute danger of war in the whole areas of Asia.

Here the U.S. imperialists are running wilder to seek a way out of their predicament up the revived Japanese militarist forces in the forefront of aggression in real earnest and binding together such Asian puppets and satellite countries as South Korea, Taiwan, South Vietnam and Thailand into an "anti-communist" military alliance with the Japanese militarist forces as its backbone to make the "Asians fight Asians" under the signboard of the socalled "Nixon doctrine".

All the facts show clearly that the U.S. imperialists are trying frenziedly to stamp out the revolutionary forces by directing the spearhead of attack to Asia because it has today become an area where the revolutionary tempest is raging most furiously and the main theatre of the revolutionary struggle unfolding on a world-wide scale.

Under such circumstances, we consider that it is of very great importance for the revolutionary countries in this area to strengthen their united front against U.S. imperialism.

The peoples of Asia have a brilliant history of revolutionary struggle against imperialism.

The Korean people and the Chinese people have jointly fought against the common enemies for a long time. The Korean people and the Chinese people fought Japanese imperialism shoulder to shoulder for a long time and defeated it, and during the Korean War, too, the peoples of Korea and China humbled the pride of U.S. imperialism with united strength and started it on the downgrade.

The Indochinese peoples jointly unfolded arduous struggles against French imperialism and Japanese imperialism and won victories; and today, the U.S. imperialist aggressors are suffering one defeat after another in the whole areas of Indochina—the land of indomitable Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos—and are bogged down into an inextricable mire.

If the peoples of various Asian countries making revolution, including Cambodia, Laos, Vietnam, China and Korea, form a united front and join in dealing collective blows at U.S. imperialism, they can knock it down and firmly ensure the victory of our common cause.

Our unity has been forged in history and now the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists compel our Asian countries making revolution to further strengthen their unity. We have had the experience of smashing the enemy, however strong it may be, when we unite and fight resolutely, and we are convinced that we can smash any strong enemy in the future, too.

The Korean and Cambodian peoples, firmly united with each other, have closely cooperated in the struggle against the common enemy in the past.

The Kingdom of Cambodia and the Cambodian people pay high tribute to the successes made by our people in socialist construction and have actively supported in the international arena and many other occasions the struggle of the Korean people for making the U.S. imperialist aggression army withdraw from South Korea and achieving the idependent unification of the fatherland.

Availing myself of this oppotunity, I, in the name of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people, express sincere thanks to Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and the Cambodian people for the consistent, active support and solidarity of the Kingdom and people of Cambodia with our just cause.

The vulnerability of U.S. imperialism is revealed more clearly than ever before today when it acts most outrageously and the general situation is steadily developing in favour of the revolution.

Now our people, rallied firmer around our Party in one idea and one will, are vigorously carrying on the socialist economic construction and the national defence upbuilding in parallel and making full preparations to cope with any invasion of the enemy. Upholding the revolutionary banner of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle, the Korean people will, in the future too, fight in unity with the socialist countries, in unity with all the revolutionary peoples of the world, and especially, in firm unity with all the revolutionary peoples in Asia in order to drive the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of this area and build a new, independent and prosperous Asia.

Our people will always actively support the just struggle of the Cambodian people, the Vietnamese people and the Laotian people against the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

Our people positively support the just struggle of the Arab peoples against the armed aggression of U.S. imperialism and its stooges, Zionists, and for defending national independence and territorial integrity and liberating Palestine.

The Korean people fully support the struggle of the Cuban people who are building socialism smashing the uninterrupted aggressive manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism.

Our people resolutely support the revolutionary struggles of all the peoples in Asia, Africa, Latin America and the rest of the world against imperialism and colonialism and for freedom, liberation and consolidated national independence.

# Speech of Samdech NORODOM SIHANOUK at Banquet

*PYONGYANG, Jun. 16 (KCNA)—Comrade Premier Kim Il Sung and his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae arranged a banquet last evening in welcome of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his wife Princess Monique Sihanouk now on a state visit to our country.*

*Follows the speech of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk at the banquet:*

Esteemed Your Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet,

Esteemed Madame Kim Il Sung,

Esteemed Your Excellency President of the Presidium,

Esteemed Madame Choi Yong Kun,

Your Excellencies, madams, ladies and gentlemen,

Dear brothers and sisters of Korea,

Dear friends,

I express, first of all, my most moving and profound thanks to His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, the glorious, respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, for his so warm and friendly words which he has just said in his great speech and which has gripped and will grip the hearts of all of us Khmers and our people.

Allow me also to express very sincere thanks to you for this magnificient banquet, which is a great honour to the state delegation of Cambodia.

I repeat to you how we Khmers were grateful and impressed, by the grandiose, unforgettable and so wonderful welcome accorded us this afternoon by Pyongyang.

As His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet, said, the sincere sentiments the Korean people cherish toward the Khmer people made the citizens of Pyongyang, who turned out to welcome us today, seethe with so warm and unprecedented joy and acclamation.

The fraternal friendship and solidarity between Cambodia and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea have been existing already for over 10 years and they have been further strengthened and developed with each passing year thanks to the will of the peoples of our two countries and their respective leaders.

The Democratic People's Republic of Korea has always rendered the most resolute support to our country in the defence of our independence, our neutrality and our territorial integrity and officially recognized its present frontiers, which have been disputed by the Saigon, Bangkok and Vientianne pro-American puppet governments.

The Khmer people will not forget for ever the staunch and consistent support of your friendly, fraternal and great country.

Our people and their legitimate Government, on their part, have always expressed full solidarity with the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in its sacred struggle for the liberation of the south of the fatherland from the U.S. imperialists' occupation and oppression and the unification of the country without any outside interference.

Until the eve of the fascist coup d'etat in Phnom-Penh on Mar. 18, our delegation in the U.N. had made fervent and indomitable efforts for the participation in the U.N. of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the only legitimate state of the 40 million Korean people under the heroic and victorious leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

Though the pro-imperialist fascist elements usurped the constitutional power in Phnom-Penh and established disgraceful relations of cooperation with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique in Seoul, the Khmer people and their National United Front, the legal government of Prime Minister Penn Nouth who has the honour to be invited here this evening and Head of State of Cambodia once again declare to the world that we recognize only one Korea and one Korean Government led by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

Cambodia unconditionally supports the national demands clarified by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in the name of the entire Korean people, particularly the demand for the complete and unconditional withdrawal of the U.S. troops from South Korea and the unification of the country without any interference of the U.N. or any other outside forces.

Respected Mr. Marshal,

Cambodia, her people and all of us will not forget for ever that from the first hours of the great misfortune into which we were plunged by the March 18 coup makers and their master, the U.S. imperialists, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has given us inestimable consolation, sympathy and effective support to help us "turn the current" and organize us to the struggle for national liberation.

The Democratic People's Republic of Korea, together with the People's Republic of China, is the first sovereign state to recognize the National United Front of Kampuchea and the Royal Government of National Union which issued from it.

The entire Khmer patriots and resistants as well as Khmer generations will express eternal thanks to you for this.

My second official visit to your great and very developed country, which I have the honour to pay at your kind invitation, will consolidate and develop to the maximum the friendship and solidarity and unity between Khmer and Korea.

This will be extremely beneficial not only to the peoples of our two countries but also to all the fraternal peoples, especially to the peoples of the three countries of Indochina, the close friends of the Korean and Chinese peoples fighting against U.S. imperialism, the common enemy. American imperialism is menacing the independence, freedom, sovereignty, peace, well-being, progress and territorial integrity of all the peoples of the third world.

Today the third world should be conscious that the issues of the struggle waged by the Vietnamese, Cambodian and Laotian peoples in Indochina will influence to a large extent the issue of the struggle other peoples are waging in other parts of the world against the common enemy and his puppet regimes.

The Democratic People's Republic of Korea

**(Continued on page 3)**

Comrades and friends,

The current visit to our country by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk will make great contribution to strengthening anew the militant solidarity and mutual cooperation between the peoples of our two countries in their anti-U.S. joint struggle and to strengthening the anti-U.S. United Front of the revolutionary peoples in Asia.

Availing myself of this place filled with amicable atmosphere,

I propose a toast,

To the shining victory of the fraternal Cambodian people in their anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle,

To the militant friendship and solidarity between the Korean people and the Cambodian people,

To the militant friendship and solidarity among the revolutionary peoples the world over,

To the health of esteemed Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madam Sihanouk,

To the health of esteemed Penn Nouth and Madam Nouth,

To the health of all esteemed guests from Cambodia,

To the health of the diplomatic representatives of various countries and,

To the health of all comrades and friends present here.

# DPRK Government Issues Statement Sternly Denouncing Criminal Plots for Retrogressive Revision and Extension of U.S.-Japan "Security Pact"

*PYONGYANG, Jun. 19 (KCNA)—The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea on Jun. 19 issued a statement sternly denouncing the sinister intrigues of the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists to revise for the worse and extend again the U.S.-Japan "Security Pact."*

*The statement reads in full:*

The U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists are now resorting to unscrupulous plots to put fresh muscle into the system of the U.S.-Japan military alliance against the socialist countries and national liberation movement in Asia and jointly expand the war of aggression to the whole of Asia.

The Sato Government of Japan in conspiracy with the U.S. imperialists openly rants about the socalled "automatic extension" of the U.S.-Japan "Security Pact" at the expiry of its term on Jun. 22.

In November last year the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists reached, through the U.S.-Japan "joint statement" worked out at the Nixon-Sato talks, an "agreement" on launching a brigandish joint attack on the Korean people and other Asian peoples and, to this end, revising the U.S.-Japan "Security Pact" retrogressively into a more expanded aggressive military alliance treaty.

It is a grave challenge to peace in Asia and the world that the Sato Government of Japan is again extending the U.S.-Japan "Security Pact," an aggressive military alliance treaty, in accordance with the U.S.-Japan "joint statement," defying the unanimous opposition of the Japanese people and the peace-loving people the world over and it vividly shows that the Japanese militarists are going to take one more open step toward the road of military aggression against the Asian countries, in conspiracy and league with the U.S. imperialists.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people sternly denounce the retrogressive revision and extension of the U.S.-Japan "Security Pact" aimed at direct attack on Korea and other Asian socialist countries and the national liberation movement, considering that it dives the Asian situation as a whole to a greater strain and creates acute danger of a new war.

The U.S.-Japan "Security Pact" is, by origin, an aggressive treaty of military alliance fabricated by the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese reactionary ruling circles for the purpose of reviving Japanese militarism in conspiracy with each other and jointly committing aggressive acts against the Asian peoples.

This aggressive conspiracy and tie-up between the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese reactionary ruling circles is entering a new stage against the background of the historic crisis in which the U.S. imperialists' strategy of Asian aggression is cracking up. Now U.S. imperialism is working in real earnest to put Japanese militarism in the lead in carrying out its policy of aggression and full-grown Japanese monopoly capitalism, backing on this, is scheming to realize its imperialist designs of overseas expansion.

The U.S.-Japan "Security Pact" to be "automatically extended" this time is a direct tool for the attainment of such aggressive designs of the two brigands, U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism, in the 1970's.

The U.S. imperialists, under the cloak of the socalled "Nixon doctrine," intend to turn the whole territory of Japan into a nuclear base like Okinawa with the U.S.-Japan "Security Pact" as the axis, and to bring into shape an "anti-communist" military alliance by rallying a number of Asian puppet cliques and put up Japanese militarism as the "shock force" in Asian aggression, thereby maintaining their colonial system in this region.

The Japanese militarists are lost in wild fancies with the scheme to reinforce the aggression armed forces, including the nuclear armament of Japan, on the strength of the U.S.-Japan "Security Pact" and back with military force their economic aggression on a number of Asian countries and bring to realization their old dream of the "Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere" by restoring their old colonies.

The U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists revised for the worse in the 1960's the U.S.-Japan "Security Pact" which the former had rigged up in the 1950's under the pretext of "defending" Japan, so that Japanese militarism might directly participate in the U.S. imperialists' war of aggression under the name of "joint defence," and now they have embarked upon the road of retrogressively revising it into a military alliance treaty for aggression on the whole region of Asia under the cloak of "defending" the whole of the Far East.

Acting upon the aggressive policy of the U.S. imperialists getting more sinister and vicious, the Sato Government of Japan is bringing forth more shamelessly as the days go by the "doctrine of Asian leader," claiming that "Japan should take leading part in the affairs of Asian security" and Japan should again become the "leader" in Asia.

The Sato Government of Japan is rapidly expanding the aggression armed forces, zealously going ahead with their nuclear armament and hastening the country's militarization and fascistization.

The Japanese militarists have already worked out even aggressive war plans for invading Korea and other Asian countries and are bestirring themselves for the dispatch of Japanese "Self-Defence Forces" abroad.

Korea is the first target of aggression in the U.S.-Japan "Security Pact," and the Japanese militarists under the aegis of the U.S. imperialists have already stretched the talons of wholesale reinvasion of South Korea.

Under the manipulation of the U.S. imperialists, the Japanese militarists concluded the criminal "South Korea-Japan Treaty" with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique of South Korea, which provides them conditions for reestablishing their domination over South Korea, side by side with the U.S. imperialists, and they have gone the length of forming a U.S.-Japan-"ROK" tripartite military alliance and laying a foothold of aggression on South Korea in military shpere.

The Sato Government of Japan even talks without hesitation about dispatching the Japanese troops directly to South Korea, claiming that South Korea is the "life-line" of Japan and declaring it will not "remain an on-looker" in case the U.S. imperialists again provoke a war in Korea and a "forestalling war" also should be duely considered.

The Japanese militarists are hard at work to put into effect their traditional strategic plan to invade Korea first and, using it as a springboard, invade Asia.

The Japanese militarists openly reveal their aggressive design against the People's Republic of China and the Democratic Republic of Vietnam, arguing that not only South Korea but also Taiwan is "a most important factor for the security of Japan" and South Vietnam also is connected with the "security " of Japan.

The Sato Government of Japan outdoes everyone in zealously supporting the war of aggression of the U.S. imperialists in Indochina and it played a "leading role" also at the socalled "Asian and Pacific Nations Conference" which the U.S. imperialists convened by bringing together their Asian puppets and vassal states in an attempt to legalize their brigandish armed invasion of Cambodia.

Today the revived Japanese militarists declare that their "defence line" stretches to all the regions of Asia covering the area extending from the south of Alaska in the north to the Strait of Malacca through South Korea, Taiwan and South Vietnam and even the Arafura Straits in the South Pacific.

All the facts graphically show what a dangerous pitch the military conspiracy and tie-up between the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists based on the U.S.-Japan "Security Pact " system have reached in Asia.

Japan has already been turned into an outpost base and key base for aggressive war in Asia.

The history of aggression of Japanese militarism well tells us what consequences it brought when it intensified aggressive maneuvers against the Asian peoples with the support of big powers.

No one can sit back and watch today the development of situation in which Japan, under the heinous aggressive policy of the U.S. imperialists, has been turned into a new hotbed of war in Asia and Japanese militarism, engineered by U.S. imperialism, is working to inflict again a new scourge of bloodshed upon the Korean people and other Asian peoples.

The obtaining situation makes it incumbent upon the peoples of all countries of the world who treasure peace and democracy, national independence and social progress to struggle to thwart and frustrate the reinvasion moves of Japanese militarism, particularly upon the peoples of Asian countries making revolution to struggle in close unity.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people strongly demand that the U.S.-Japan "Security Pact," an aggressive treaty of military alliance, be annulled at once, the U.S. imperialist aggression forces be withdrawn from the whole territory of Japan, the military bases of the U.S. imperialists be dismantled and the revival and rearmament of Japanese militarism be checked decisively.

We strongly demand that the criminal "ROK-Japan Treaty" faked up under the manupulation of the U.S. imperialists should be scrapped immediately and the U.S. imperialists should get out of South Korea, Taiwan, Indochina and all other parts of Asia without delay, taking their aggression forces and lethal weapons along.

The struggle against Japanese militarism is a struggle for defending peace in Asia and the world and an important part of the struggle against U.S. imperialism.

Today the Japanese people are waging ever more stubborn struggle with each passing day in demand of the immediate annulment of the U.S.-Japan "Security Pact" and the prompt, unconditional and total return of Okinawa.

The struggle of the Japanese people deals a heavy blow at the Asian aggression of the U.S. imperialists and at the Japanese militarist forces and contributes to the cause of world peace.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people express full support to and firm solidarity with the Japanese people in their just struggle for scrapping the U.S.-Japan "Security Pact" and winning the complete independence of the country, democracy and peace.

Today the revolutionary peoples in Asia are further cementing solidarity against U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism.

The U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists themselves make the revolutionary peoples in Asia further strengthen solidarity.

U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism should look at the realities in the face and desist from running riot.

Today's Asia is not the Asia of yesterday.

There are powerful socialist forces in Asia today such as the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the People's Republic of China and the Democratic Republic of Vietnam which have brilliant revolutionary traditions established in defeating Japanese imperialism, French imperialism and U.S. imperialism through their revolutionary struggles of a long period and the national liberation movement which is surging ever higher with great force everywhere in this region.

If the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists rapidly plunge into expanding the war of aggression in Asia, oblivious of the lessons of history, they will perish never to revive in the flames they themselves kindled.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people will struggle determinedly to the end against the maneuvers of aggression and war of U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism, its ally, firmly uniting with the Japanese people and all other anti-imperialist forces in Asia and with all the progressive peoples of the whole world opposed to the aggressive maneuvers of the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists.

(Continued from page 2)

and the People's Republic of China, our great neighbours, are very well aware of this. Therefore, they do not spare support, effective solidarity and material aid to People's Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia fighting for smashing the defiance of the American colossus, the richest, the strongest and the most perfidious of the imperialists and neo-colonialists.

With their enormous sacrifices and heroic exploits, the Vietnamese people have already shaken this colossus forcefully. This makes an inestimable contribution to weakening this common enemy in other parts of the world.

With the approach of their defeat in Vietnam, President Nixon of the USA is trying hard to make up for this by easily attaining victory in Cambodia.

Today the whole world is well aware that the barbarous invasion of Camdodia by the U.S. imperialists will bring no victory to them.

On the contrary, the Yankee forces and their puppets are sustaining a quadruple defeat, graver defeats than the previous ones in South Vietnam, disgraceful defeats in the south of Laos and complete fiasco in Cambodia and also fiasco in the new aerial bombardments against the southern part of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

Nixon today employs the Thailand puppets for military intervention in Cambodia in vain hope to save the Phnom-Penh puppet regime.

The military intervention of Thailand gives us Khmers the right to appeal to the fraternal Laotian and Vietnamese peoples and other friendly peoples to help us in the cause for liberating our country from very impudent international violation of our neutrality, our sovereignty and our territorial integrity.

We will exercise this right in future and in all eventualities.

The militant solidarity between the fraternal Vietnamese and Laotian peoples has reached the zenith through the recent summit conference of the Indochinese peoples. We are receiving the important material aid from some friendly states, particularly from the People's Republic of China, and enjoying effective support of many socialist states and peoples, progressive and anti-imperialist states and peoples, particularly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, thus, the Khmer people and their National Liberation Army (growing in strength and scope month by month), will know how to show that they are able to inflict repeated defeats on armies of Lon Nol, Saigon, Bangkok and even Washington in the present rainy season and in the future dry season.

We, of course, do not refuse a peaceful solution of the Cambodian problem. But this problem can not be separated with the Vietnam and Laos problems. Because, none of our countries can enjoy durable security and peace as far as the American imperialists do not accept the complete withdrawal from the whole of Indochina.

Therefore, we repeat that the only solution acceptable to us will be the unconditional, total and rapid withdrawal of the forces of U.S. and its allies from the whole of Indochina.

If the U.S.A. fails to accept it practically, no conference is acceptable to us.

In particular, we deny once again the right to interfere in our internal affairs to the Governments of Sato (Japan), Djakarta and Kuala Lumpur and U.N. Secretary General U Thant trying to impose an "American peace" upon us instead of genuine peace based on genuine independence.

Permit me to extend warm felicitations to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the People's Republic of China which are unanimous in denouncing the Sato-Nixon collusion which is coincided with the very dangerous revival of Japanese militarism.

Japanese militarism is preparing to take the place of U.S. imperialism on the decline in some countries of our region.

Cambodia which, between 1941 and 1945, had a bitter taste of the socalled sinister co-prosperity sphere patronized by Tokyo

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# Revolutionary Party for Central Committee, Publishes

PYONGYANG, Jun. 20 (KCNA)—South Korean revolutionaries formed the Central Committee of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification in August 1969 and adopted the militant programme and manifesto of the Party, according to reports.

The Central Committee of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification reported this in detail in a recent issue of its organ "Hyokmyong Chonson" (Revolutionary Front).

As is known, since they formed the Revolutionary Party for Reunification, an illegal revolutionary organization, in March 1964 in accordance with the lawful demand of the development of the South Korean revolution, South Korean revolutionaries have energetically carried on revolutionary activities for anti-U.S., national salvation in broad areas of South Korea including Seoul and South Cholla Province.

The Revolutionary Party for Reunification has suffered some losses due to the brutal suppression by the enemy in the course of the arduous struggle against the U.S. imperialists and their stooges. But, the South Korean revolutionaries with a burning hatred for the enemy and an indomitable, staunch will have steadily expanded the ranks of the Party by continually and strenuously waging the revolutionary struggle and firmly built up the Party organization with nuclei tested in the practical struggle and thus further strengthened the Party organizationally as we see today.

The Revolutionary Party for Reunification takes as its guide-line the great revolutionary ideas, the idea of *Juche*, of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the brilliant Leader of the revolution and outstanding Marxist-Leninist.

Infinitely revering Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader and the sun of the nation, the revolutionaries of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification are striving with all their energies to firmly arm themselves with the revolutionary ideas of the Leader and embody them in their practical activities.

The Revolutionary Party for Reunification is growing and strengthening into the reliable guiding force in leading to victory the national-liberation democratic revolution for driving the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of South Korea, overthrowing their stooges and ensuring the democratic development of society by translating into practice the strategic and tactical lines for the South Korean revolution and the unification of the fatherland laid down by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader.

The Party, constantly cementing kindred ties with the broad sections of the masses, will strike its roots deep among the people of all walks of life, awaken them politically and ideologically and thus rally them close around Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, and more successfully play its guiding role in powerfully organizing and mobilizing them to the anti-U.S., national salvation struggle.

Today the activities of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification are steadily growing in strength not only in South Korea but internationally.

The manifesto and programme of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification were recently published in three U.S. newspapers including "the Black Panther," the organ of the U.S. Panther Party, British newspaper "Guardian," Algerian newspaper "Revolution Africaine" and six newspapers including newspaper of the United Arab Republic "Al Ahram," and "World Political Material," the organ of the Japan Communist Party, and "Minjok Tongil Sinmun" (National Unification Paper), "Asahi Shimbun" and "Toa Shimbun" published in Japan.

Follows the full text of the manifesto and programme of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification published in "Hyokmyong Chonson" (Revolutionary Front), the organ of the Party and foreign publications:

# Manifesto of Revolutionary Party for Reunification

More than twenty years have elapsed since the downfall of fascism and the dawning of the regeneration of humanity. During this period, a big leap forward has been registered in the history of mankind.

For a long time the three oppressed continents, as dependencies of European and American powers, have existed solely for the sake of the latter's prosperity. However, they have at last risen up in the heroic resistance for national liberation, discarding the age-long history of oppression and humiliation. Nations, big and small, have finally set out to realize the cause of national self-determination and national restoration, shattering the shackles of imperialist tyranny.

In this great turbulence and powerful current of world history, our brothers in the North have made a gigantic socialist change and an amazing progress, standing definitively in the van of the advanced ranks of the world nations. Under the tragic circumstances of territorial division and national split, however, South Korea is still writhing in an unheard-of ordeal, unable to shake off the colonial, semi-feudal backwardness.

Here on this land national sovereignty means nothing but a deceptive slogan and a crafty lip-service of those in power; it is, in fact, no more than dependence on foreign forces, subordination, inequality and national humiliation. "Freedom" and "democracy," too, are mere windowdressings of the "Constitution" while, in practice, dictatorship and despotism hold sway, suffocating the masses of the people. The economy is in a state of bankruptcy, repeating its vicious circle of depression and ruin. As a result, South Korean society has been reduced to a land of lowest income in the world, to a kingdom of unemployment and to a wretched hell where famine and diseases are rampant. Our national culture that had been celebrated throughout the world over many centuries has now lost its original lustre and degenerated into a mixture of decadent American and Japanese ways of life.

The "commitments of May 16 revolution" that promised a "clean sweep of injustice and corruption" have turned out to be a big lie to cheat the innocent masses of the people. Graft, bribery, prerogative, exorbitant profiteering are practised most shamelessly by a handful of privileged bureaucrats and comprador capitalists. The Pak Jung Hi clique, a band of traitors without parallel in history, has come out as the incarnation of new evil far surpassing the old one. Behind the screen of "patriotism" and "national spirit" vaunted by the traitorous clique, the Japanese militarist forces, the sworn enemy of the nation, are stretching out their dark talons of reinvasion to the political, economic, cultural and military domains. As a result, South Korea occupied by U.S. imperialism is going subordinated to Japanese imperialism, too.

Meanwhile, poverty-stricken and lacking all rights, the popular masses agonize and lament beyond description. Our compatriots die everywhere before their time, cursing this society. Coupled with the national sufferings imposed upon them generation after generation, the tragedy caused by the national ruin is unprecedented. This is the very reality of South Korea.

What then is the true cause of all this deplorable state of affairs?

The cause lies precisely in the military occupation by U.S. imperialism and its aggressive policies and the backward colonial, semi-feudal social system. The U.S. imperialist aggressors who crept in under the guise of "liberators" have ever since turned South Korea into their colony and lorded it over as real rulers.

With an aim to stifle the burning desire of our people for sovereignty, self-sustenance and national independence, the U.S. imperialists have carried on neo-colonialist policies under the cloak of independence. The "Government of the Republic of Korea" which the U.S. imperialists rigged up at the point of the bayonet is nothing but a camouflage to cover up their colonial domination and a tool to impose it upon our people. In order to carry on by force the hateful colonial reactionary rule in this country, the U.S. imperialist aggressors squander all the manpower and material resources of our people, clinging to the most atrocious dictatorship. The colonial domination by U.S. imperialism and the backward colonial, semi-feudal social system maintained by it—this is the very source of all the contradictions and the ailment of our society, and this is the very root-cause of all the misfortunes and calamities our compatriots are suffering from. Therefore, the only way to become free from oppression and misery and to enjoy genuine freedom and happiness is to overthrow the present corrupt regime and establish a new social system that is independent and democratic. An exploiter society, by nature, brings about inequality. In our society those who get rich living in luxury and fame are a handful of parasites of the exploiting class whereas the majority of the people—the oppressed masses are their victims.

That is why the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges—the landlords, comprador capitalists and reactionary bureaucrats—put up desperate resistance to keep the present reactionary regime, whereas the broad sections of the popular masses—the workers, peasants, youths and students, intellectuals, petty urban dwellers—are vitally interested in shattering the regime. The contradictions between the two sides can be settled only through a life-and-death struggle.

In South Korea revolution is inevitable and indispensable! It goes without saying that the objective cause of a revolution lies in the irreconcilable contradictions within a given society. Revolution can neither be "exported" nor "imported." Therefore, the South Korean revolution should be carried out through the active role of the South Korean people themselves. The oppressed and exploited masses in South Korea should achieve freedom and liberation through their own revolutionary struggle. Revolution is a life-and-death struggle waged by revolutionary forces against counter-revolutionary forces; an armed counter-revolution can be defeated only by revolutionary violence.

The oppressed and exploited masses of our country must prepare powerful revolutionary forces of their own in order to crush the counter-revolution and win victory in the revolution. What is of cardinal importance in organizing, fostering and developing revolutionary forces is to have a revolutionary party, the organizer and guiding force of the revolution.

Without the party, the popular masses, abandoned in oblivion, cannot be awakened to revolutionary consciousness, nor can they be organized. Only the leadership of the party can lead a spontaneous struggle of the masses onto a revolutionary struggle with purpose and consciousness. The masses without a revolutionary party of their own are tantamount to an army without its headquarters, and with such masses the victory of a people's revolution is inconceivable.

The failure to bring the heroic April 19 uprising to a decisive victory was due to the lack of a revolutionary party; the failure to check the May 16 usurpation of power by the gangsters and the failure to frustrate the counter-revolutionary offensive of the shameless usurpers, were likewise attributable, in the last analysis, to the lack of a revolutionary party and its leadership.

**It is a party, a revolutionary party capable of embodying the will of the oppressed masses and leading their struggle to victory, that the masses of the people in this country so eagerly desired, having seen the truth of revolution and drawn lessons from their repeated unsuccessful bloodshed. To meet the objective demand of social development and comply with the bloody lessons of history and ardent desire of the masses, we revolutionaries formed already long ago many local organizations of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification and have ever since been carrying on arduous underground revolutionary activities. Today, to meet the urgent demand of the revolutionary movement that forges ahead and of the development of the Party itself, we have organized the central leading body of the Party and herewith announce the Manifesto of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification.**

The Revolutionary Party for Reunification is a new-type Marxist-Leninist Party, qualitatively distinct in its class basis, in its guiding principle and in its aim of struggle from all the existing political parties and groups. Our Party represents and defends the interests of the working class and peasants, the mainstays of our society, and the rest of the toiling masses. The Party is organized with the advanced elements of the workers, peasants and working intellectuals.

The working class, peasants and other toiling masses are the creators of material and spiritual wealth and constitute an absolute majority of the population. Aside from them, the existence of a society or the prosperity of a nation is unthinkable. To defend their interests, therefore, is an essential prerequisite to the realization of social justice, and at the same time it is, in fact, a most thoroughgoing embodiment of national interests.

The guiding principle of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification is Comrade Kim Il Sung's great idea of *Juche* which is the original embodiment of Marxism-Leninism in the present era and in the actual conditions of our country. The idea of *Juche* represents the Marxism-Leninism of our times, the perfect merit of which has been saliently proved throughout the 40 years and more of severe revolutionary storms. Its vitality is permanent and inexhaustible not only for the past and present but also for the time to come. It brightly illumines the course to follow for our people as well as for millions of peoples the world over.

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absolutely oppose Japanese militarism coming to the rescue of U.S. imperialism in this or that ways in our country.

And I believe that the sentiments of the peoples of Vietnam and Laos are not different from ours in regard to this new menace.

We sincerely desire friendly cooperation with the Japanese people, but not at the price of our independence, our non-alignment and our self-determination.

We demand of Sato and his lackeys to give up without delay interference in our internal affairs concerning only our people who are standing face to face with the traitorous Lon Nol clique.

I believe that it is the same in the Korean problem which has nothing to do with U.S. imperialism, U.N. or any others, but belongs to the sole and inalienable sovereignty of the Korean people who have Marshal Kim Il Sung as the only legitimate Leader.

Extending our warmest and admirable felicitations to His Excellency, his Government and the Korean people for the new and great successes and extraordinary progress made by the DPRK in all domains of state construction, which have placed Korea among the most developed countries of modern Asia and in the families of the nations "developed" in the world, I propose a toast to the health and longevity of His Excellency Premier Kim Il Sung and madame, to the health and longevity of His Excellency President Choi Yong Kun and madame, to the health of the eminent and distinguished hosts of Korea, to the health of the destinguished members of diplomatic corps and other foreigners, to the prosperity of the Korean people, to the grandeur of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and to the unification of Korea, to the eternal friendship and the militant solidarity and indestructible unity between the peoples of Khmer and Korea.

# Reunification in S. Korea Forms Programme and Manifesto

## Programme of Revolutionary Party for Reunification

The U.S. imperialists who landed to replace Japanese imperialism after World War II occupied South Korea militarily with an aim to realize their aggressive ambition harboured over a century against our country and to set up a bridgehead for their aggression on the Asian continent. They made their appearance as new colonial rulers, resorting to suppression at the point of the bayonet of their occupation forces, and mocking us with honeyed words of "independence" and "aid."

The only change that has ever taken place in the South Korean society since then is the fictitious "national" garment and the window-dressings of "democracy" added solely to get an ornamental effect whereas the history of colonial slavery which started at the beginning of the 20th century still continues.

It is advertised that a "sovereignty state" exists and that the "power resides in the people," but these words are meaningless because the U.S. imperialist aggressors have become the real rulers who hold all the political, economic and military powers in South Korea. The socalled "Republic of Korea" is nothing but a cloak to embellish the hateful colonial domination, and its "government" is a tool of neo-colonialism propped up and manipulated by the U.S. imperialist aggressive forces and "dollar aid"; it is a puppet regime of traitors betraying the country and people.

The present Pak Jung Hi "government," too, is made up of a bunch of stooges bred with the excrement of U.S. and Japanese imperialism; it is an agent of aggression and plunder who faithfully executes the directions of his masters.

The U.S. imperialists have grasped the South Korean economy in the noose of "aid," seized its mainstays and reorganized its structure so as to effectively implement their colonial domination. By granting various "special favours," they brought up, on the one hand, the comprador capitalists who would serve as agents to dispose of U.S. surplus goods, as guides to the infiltration of monopoly capital and as conspirators in the plunder of the masses. On the other hand, by enforcing the deceptive "agrarian reform," they gave protection to the indigenous feudal landlords to make the social basis of their colonial rule. As a result, in towns the monopoly capital of the U.S. imperialists and its appendages, i.e. a handful of new-emerging comprador monopolies which bleed our nation have come to hold sway in the major branches of industry, and the feeble national capital is being driven out and going bankrupt everywhere; in the rural areas the landed-proprietor system and the pre-modern extra-economic way of exploitation based on the former have been preserved intact, bringing about the fragmentation of agricultural economy and ruination of a large number of small-hold farmers.

Consequently, the South Korean economy has been barred from the way of independent development and has been reduced to a subordinated economy, an economy merely serving for an unbridled colonial plunder, serving as military appendage, still in the fetters of pre-modern backwardness. Worse still, the Japanese militarist circles have stepped up their reinvasion scheme with the backing of U.S. imperialism since the conclusion of the treacherous "ROK-Japan Treaty." As a result our country is being subordinated doubly to the U.S.A. and Japan. The social system of South Korea today is colonial and semi-feudal in its nature. This decayed social system which is maintained only by the bayonet of the U.S. imperialist aggression army and by the fascist tyranny of their stooges is actually the incurable cancer that hampers the progress of South Korean society and is the root-cause of all diseases of this society.

The economic ruin, political confusion, social unrest and mass impoverishment that are ever aggravating under the domination of foreign forces of aggression and their running dogs, and injustice, corruption and degenerate social evil that prevail throughout the society—all this appalling plight conclusively proves the anti-national, anti-popular nature of the existing social system. That is absolutely incompatible with the independent democratic development of the country.

The overthrow of the existing system by revolution is a historical demand of the nation heading for independence and sovereignty, reflects the will of the masses of the people who aspire after freedom and liberation and is the objective necessity of South Korea's social development. The South Korean revolution brewing within the colonial, semi-feudal society is required to carry out simultaneously the anti-imperialist national liberation tasks and anti-feudal democratic tasks. These historic tasks can be fulfilled only through an acute struggle between the two forces that cannot coexist.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors, the comprador capitalists, the landlords and the evil bureaucrats who behave despotically and enjoy wealth and fame, relying on the existing power structure and economic foundation make desperate resistance to the revolutionary change of the society. They are the anti-national, anti-democratic forces that trample underfoot the rights and interests of our nation and run counter to the democratic progress of our society. Therefore, they constitute the targets of revolution that should be knocked down.

Among others, U.S. imperialism, the chieftain of the counter-revolution and the breeder of domestic reactionaries, is the main target of the revolution. On the contrary, the masses of the workers and peasants and rank-and-file soldiers, progressive youths and students, intellectuals, urban petty bourgeoisie, and conscientious national capitalists, who are always exploited and oppressed under the colonial, semi-feudal social system, have vital interests in the social revolution. Linked together by the national, democratic bond, they are the propelling force of social progress, and constitute the motive force of the revolution. Especially, the working class is the most advanced and revolutionary, and, therefore, it is the leading class destined to perform the leading mission in the revolution.

The South Korean revolution is a people's democratic revolution aiming at socialism under the leadership of the working class. In this very revolution lies the way to a genuine regeneration of the South Korean society. The way followed by the western capitalism in the 19th century is already outdated. This way will not lead a backward colonial nation to the final accomplishment of its national democratic tasks. Under today's historical circumstances where capitalism finds itself in the stage of imperialism after the termination of its peaceful development, it will lead again to imperialist subjugation and drive the absolute majority of the popular masses into poverty and maltreatment, and will repeat the present history of national tragedy. The people's democratic revolution is the only way that will firmly guarantee sovereignty for this country, will bring complete freedom and liberation to the people and attain the great cause of national reunification.

In the North, after the August 15 Liberation, under the sagacious leadership of the great Leader of revolution, Comrade Kim Il Sung—the sun of our nation and the peerless hero the world has ever produced—the workers, peasants, intellectuals and the entire people victoriously carried out a people's revolution, built a rich and powerful sovereign state of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence and have set up a paradise for the people where the once oppressed, hungry and maltreated people enjoy all rights and happiness.

The people's democratic revolution to be carried out by the patriotic, progressive forces of all strata will sweep away from this land, too, all social filths that have been accumulated for a long time and will open a proud new epoch in our history. The Revolutionary Party for Reunification, the vanguard detachment of the working class and other toiling masses, representing the national interests of the entire South Korean people, takes upon itself the lofty mission to fulfill those

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Our Party is invincible because it is guided by the great idea of *Juche*. The highest aim of out Party is to build socialist, communist society, for socialism-communism is the centuries-old aspiration and the noblest ideal of mankind. In that society, oppression and exploitation of man by man is finally liquidated and man's yearning for freedom, equality, happiness and civilization will be realized fully and thoroughly for the first time. It is for this reason that the oppressors make frantic "anti-communist" efforts by every means, but the triumph of socialism-communism is inevitable and no force on earth can check it.

The first and foremost task to be done to clear the way to socialism-communism in the present phase of social development in South Korea is to crush the colonial, semi-feudal social system which hinders social progress. Accordingly, the immediate aim of our Party is to carry out a people's democratic revolution in South Korea to overthrow the corrupt, colonial, semi-feudal social system, to set up on its grave a people's democratic system, and, further, to accomplish the great cause of national reunification, which is the aspiration of our nation.

The Party will chase the U.S. aggressive troops out of our country, overthrow the puppet regime and establish an independent, democratic government of the people. The Party will ensure genuine freedom and rights of the people, resolutely carry out land reform, nationalization of major industries and various other democratic reforms. It will promote the rehabilitation and development of the economy and culture as well as the speedy solution of the problems of people's living. The Party will strive hard to gradually take measures for national reunion, mutual visits, correspondence, cultural exchanges and intercourses between the North and South. It will strenuously work to achieve peaceful reunification by the efforts of our nation itself through a North-South general election, rejecting foreign interference.

When the immediate goal of our Party is attained, Korea will belong to Koreans and power will reside in the people, the legitimate ruler. Then all the creations will be used for the benefit of the creators themselves, and the land of 3,000-*ri* and the 40 million people linked together with the same blood will enjoy eternal grandeur and prosperity in a unified country.

The birth of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification as an organic whole is an event of particular significance in the socio-political life of our people and marks a turning point in the advancement of the South Korean revolution.

Our people now have the headquarters of the revolution, the genuine defender of their rights and interests. They have a great banner for their struggle — a centripetal force of unity and cohesion. The struggle of the oppressed and exploited masses in South Korea has at last emerged from its blindness and is now in a position not only to make headway in the right direction but also to develop their struggle into a dynamic revolutionary movement under the unified guidance of the Party, free from the previous lack of coordination. Of course, we are not taking a royal road. It is inevitable that difficulties and obstacles will crop up in our way under the present circumstances where not a trace of freedom or of democracy remains and where all advanced ideas and progressive movement are barbarously repressed everywhere.

The enemies are running amuck brutally to execute on a charge of "treason" our patriots and revolutionaries who have risen up in the struggle for the independence and self-sustenance of our nation and for the freedom and liberation of the people and to blot out our sacred cause of anti-U.S., national salvation and the reunification-revolution. This, however, is nothing but the death-bed convulsion of those whose days are numbered.

The executioners may deprive our ranks of some of our comrades-in-arms, but they cannot extinguish the revolutionary sparks set off by them, nor will they even be able to suppress the raging surge of revolution that will sweep over them before long. We will never look with folded arms on the dirty boots of the Yankees trampling down the sacred land of our forefathers, the soil permeated with the blood of our patriotic fighters and safeguarded from generation to generation.

We will wipe out the brutal aggressors and traitors at all costs and build a paradise for the people on our land that has been defaced by the horde, and reunite the divided country. Just is the cause of our revolution and inevitable is its triumph!

The South Korean revolution is rooted in the glorious traditions of the anti-Japanese armed struggle led by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Leader of the present age. Its path is brightly illumined by the great idea of *Juche*—the revolutionary truth and the beacon of history. The enemy of the revolution is a very small minority whereas tens of millions of the masses with inexhaustible strength stand on the side of the revolution.

Despite the ceaseless thorny troubles from within and without, our people have preserved their national sagacity and patriotism and resolutely fought against the aggression and treachery.

Our sacred cause is firmly guaranteed by the unconquerable revolutionary base in the North, the bulwark of the nation-wide revolution, and it enjoys the compatriotic support from the brothers in the North. The trends in the international situation are turning in favour of our revolution. U.S. imperialism, the main enemy of our revolution, is trembling in the violent revolutionary storms raging furiously at home and abroad. The Yankees are now perpetrating aggressions while kicking up war rackets all over the world, but all this is no more than the frenzied efforts of a beast caught in a trap. U.S. imperialism has long been on the decline in its history and now it is faced with imminent doom.

Now is an era of change in world history, in which the chains of international capital are broken off one after another and in which socialism triumphs. It is an era of struggle in which the oppressed nations of all countries have risen up in a decisive battle for liberation against imperialism, after emerging from longdrawn darkness.

Bright is the future and certain is the victory of our revolution that is forging ahead in the powerful current of our times. The revolution is now maturing, the decisive moment is approaching!

The spirit of the people of this country who have stood up to fight freedom and liberation against tyranny and starvation is surging high, turning into raging waves of revolution. At this solemn moment, the Party calls you the oppressed masses and the patriotic people to the great sacred battle to annihilate the oppressors.

Submission means death, and hesitation invites defeat.

Let us all uprise bravely in the great cause of the anti-U.S., national salvation and of the revolution for reunification!

All the patriotic, democratic forces, unite firmly under the banner of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification!

Down with the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges!

Long live the people's democratic revolution in South Korea!

Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung's great idea of *Juche*!

**The Central Committee of Revolutionary Party for Reunification**

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revolutionary tasks and thereby establish a new social system, a people's democratic system for the country and the people, and create a glorious history in which the masses of the working people will become masters.

With a view to overthrowing the cursed colonial, semi-feudal social system, to ensuring the national, democratic progress of the South Korean society and to accomplishing the great cause of national reunification, our Party puts forth the following 12-point Programme and will fight with courage for its realization:

## 1. To Overthrow Colonial Rule of U.S. Imperialism and Establish Independent Democratic Government:

The colonial rule shall be overthrown through an anti-U.S., national salvation resistance put up by the entire nation, rallying all the patriotic forces. The aggressive troops shall be chased out the military bases dismantled, the U.S. imperialist military occupation put to an end. The U.S. machinery of aggression here shall be smashed and the shackling agreements and treaties made null and void.

Political independence shall be achieved by overthrowing the puppet regime and establishing an independent people's democratic government which shall represent the interests of the people of all sections of life including the workers, peasants, progressive intellectuals, urban petty-bourgeoisie and conscientious national capitalists.

## 2. To Liquidate Fascist Dictatorship and Realize Democracy in Socio-Political Life:

The Central Intelligence Agency with its accessories, police, judiciary, prosecution organs and other repressive apparatuses shall be disorganized; the "national security act," the "anti-communist act" and all other reactionary anti-popular laws abolished, the fascist ringleaders who have murdered patriots and innocent people executed, and "political criminals" shall be released unconditionally. A people's security force shall be organized, and democratic institutions of justice and prosecution established so as to safeguard the revolutionary gains, protect the lives and properties of the people.

Any encroachment upon the democratic rights of the people shall be strictly prohibited and the democratic freedom and rights of speech, the press, assembly, association, demonstration, religion, etc., ensured in practice. The freedom of choosing any progressive idea and propagating it, the freedom of forming democratic political parties and organizations representing the rights and interests of all walks of life and the freedom of their activities shall be firmly guaranteed.

The freedom of residence, removal and choice of occupation, the inviolability of the person and residence and the privacy of mails shall be strictly ensured, and the right to elect and to be elected shall be granted to all citizens of the age above 18 full years except to a handful of traitors.

## 3. To Carry Out Democratic Land Reform and to Eradicate Poverty in Farming and Fishing Villages:

A democratic land reform shall be carried out to radically solve the land problem and to emancipate the peasantry completely from feudal oppression and exploitation.

The rice fields of three *chongbo* and above and dry fields of five *chongbo* and above owned by landlords or tenanted shall be confiscated without compensation and the tenanted lands of small size belonging to small landlords and rich farmers shall be purchased with compensation, in order to be distributed without compensation to the peasants with no or little land. The lands owned by the patriots who have made contributions to the cause of anti-U.S., national salvation work shall be purchased with compensation regardless of the size. Forestry and irrigation facilities shall be nationalized to promote the public interests of the peasants.

The lands requisitioned by the military shall be derequisitioned, the arable lands along the truce line rehabilitated and the tidelands along the west coast and the lands in mountainous regions extensively reclaimed, to be additionally distributed to the poor peasants and hired hands so that the acreage of land per farm household may be increased to 1.4 *chongbo* at the minimum and the land problem for the impoverished peasants may be radically solved.

The fishermen shall be freed from the medieval way of exploitation, the freedom of fishing ensured, and their livelihood made stable. Fishing boats, fishing tackles and fishing funds shall be furnished by the state to the impoverished fishers, state fishing enterprises set up, and at the same time, fishing cooperatives shall be organized extensively on a voluntary basis with the material and financial support of the state in order to improve radically the status of the fishermen.

## 4. To Nationalize Major Industries and Build Independent National Economy:

The factories, mines, banks, business firms, etc., owned by U.S., Japanese and other foreign monopolists and comprador capitalists shall be confiscated and nationalized so as to be utilized for the development of national industries as well as for the benefits of the people. At the same time economic engrossment by foreigners and economic monopoly by a handful of men belonging to the privileged circles shall be eliminated. Business activities of national capitalists, handicraftsmen and petty traders shall be protected, and their initiative spirit stimulated so that they may contribute to the building of national economy.

The colonial lopsidedness of the economic structure shall be remedied, firm foundations laid for an independent national economy. The vicious consequences of U.S. "aid" shall be wiped out from every field of the economy, the inflow of foreign capital stopped and foreign trade shall be controlled by the state to protect the national economy from the economic pressure by foreign powers. Domestic resources shall be fully tapped out and utilized, and independent national industries relying on our own raw materials, funds and technique shall be developed to rid the economy completely of foreign dependence.

Military expenditures and administration outlays shall be drastically cut down to increase investments for production and at the same time economic intercourse and trade between the North and South shall be realized to strengthen economic cooperation and to undertake a balanced joint development of the economics of the North and South.

## 5. To Enforce Democratic Labour Law and Improve Socio-Economic Status of Workers:

A new democratic labour law shall be enacted to ensure practically the democratic rights of the workers to let them take an active part in the state administration and economic management. The systems of the eight-hour day, minimum wages, 2-3 weeks of annual paid leave, social insurance at the expense of the state and enterprisers, shall be effected and all the working people provided with stable jobs to eliminate full and partial unemployment.

The anachronistic employment system shall be swept away, working conditions improved, and measurs for labour safety and labour-protection shall be fully ensured. Unwarranted dismissal and delayed payment of wages shall be strictly prohibited, the stability of employment ensured, and there shall be special remunerations for harmful and dangerous work of overtime.

## 6. To Ensure Rights and Interests of Women and Enhance Their Social Status:

A women's equality law shall be enacted to emancipate women from the feudal bondage, and give them equal rights with men in all the political, economic, social and cultural fields. Human traffic, licensed and unlicensed prostitution and concubinage shall be forbidden.

Practical conditions for women's social activities shall be provided. Special protection shall be given to mothers and infants, a six-hour workday provided to the working mothers engaged in state enterprises, and more than 70 days of paid maternity leave given to all working women. Nurseries, kindergartens and maternity hospitals shall be extensively set up to ensure conditions for women's socio-political activities and for their work.

## 7. To Bring About Efflorescence and Development of Democratic National Culture and Ensure Livelihood of Intellectuals:

Flunkeyism, national nihilism, corrupt American and Japanese ways of life shall be rejected, and the long-celebrated cultural traditions of our country inherited to develop democratic national culture based on the spirit of *Juche*; the spirit of national independence and patriotism shall be cultivated.

Jobs shall be guaranteed by the state for the intellectuals engaged in the fields of the press, education, science, technology, culture and arts, and their livelihood made stable. The number of cultural and scientific research institutions shall be sharply increased to improve conditions for creation and research; the talents of the intellectuals brought forth to let them make a positive contribution to the building of new society.

Cultural intercourses shall be effected between the North and South to promote a uniform development of national culture, and advanced foreign culture, science and technique shall be introduced and digested.

## 8. To Renovate Education and Enforce System of Education Free from Fees and of Scholarship for Sons and Daughters of Working People:

The reactionary education system for U.S. worship and "anti-communism" shall be done away with, and the contents of education completely renewed on the basis of democratic ideas, and an advanced people's education system shall be established. The militarization of and profiteering in schools shall be rooted out, the political supervision of schools banned strictly and democracy shall be ensured in schools.

The working people shall be freed from the burdens of education of their sons and daughters, and all the youths and children afforded opportunities of learning. Universal compulsory secondary education shall be enforced at state expense, various miscellaneous fees and forced contributions abolished, and at the same time, state scholarship shall be granted extensively to the self-supporting students and to the students of high schools, colleges and universities. The graduates from schools at various levels, who have reached their working age, shall be provided the jobs by the state.

## 9. To Establish Advanced Public Health Service System and Enforce System of Extensive Free Medical Care:

The money-making health service on commercial basis shall be reformed, and a popular public health service system established in which all the inhabitants enjoy the benefit of free medical service, free from worries of the fees. Medical insurance system shall be effected in which all or a part of medical expenses is paid by the state, and a completely free medical care shall be provided to the workers, poor peasants and urban poors.

Prevention of epidemics and sanitation work shall be intensified to exterminate various kinds of epidemics and endemics, and to promote the health of the working people. State medical institutions shall be expanded on an extensive scale so that clinics may be set up in every *myon* and *ri*.

## 10. To Found National Self-Defence Armed Forces:

All the aggressive military agreements shall be abrogated, the military advisory system abolished, the prerogative of supreme command of the armed forces restored and an independent system of national defence realized. The "ROK" army shall be reorganized to found the national self-defence armed forces composed of patriotic young people. A very small number of evil high-ranking officers who betrayed the country and people shall be severely punished, and the officers who took part in the cause of anti-U.S. national salvation work shall be promoted.

The forced conscription and the homeland reserve force shall be abolished and the military training for students stopped, a voluntary service system effected and the whole military structure reformed. Enlisted men shall be admitted to take an active part in military administration, their human rights defended, all practices of personal insults including the enslavement of and the disciplinary violence to the enlisted men shall be strictly prohibited, and the disciplinary confinement system abolished to make democracy prevail in the service and to create an atmosphere of unity between officers and men within the armed forces. The enlisted men shall be given better treatment and the state shall assume the responsibility for ensuring their dependents a stable life and guaranteeing employment and livelihood for demobilized soldiers.

The quality of the armed forces shall be improved so that the service strength may be reduced to 200,000 or less and that the burdens of military expenses laid upon the people be drastically lightened.

## 11. To Realize Independent Diplomacy and Promote Friendship With Anti-Imperialist Peace-Loving Countries:

The humiliating diplomacy infected with treacherous flunkeyism and dependence on foreign powers shall be done away with, and independent foreign policies that are fully in accord with the idea of national *Juche* shall be carried out and friendship with democratic friendly countries shall be promoted on the principles of equality, mutual benefit and non-interference.

The aggressive policies of U.S. imperialism and the revival of Japanese militarism shall be opposed, and the liberation struggle of the oppressed nations of the world encouraged and supported actively.

The anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. common ties with the peoples of all countries who are opposed to imperialism and colonialism shall be strengthened, active contributions made to peace in the Far East and the rest of the world, and the nation's prestige enhanced throughout the world.

A claim shall be instituted for all the manpower losses and material damages inflicted upon our people by the U.S. imperialists during the whole period of their occupation. The "ROK-Japanese Treaty" shall be scrapped, and our relations with Japan shall be fully readjusted on the basis of the complete liquidation of the sanguinary crimes committed by Japanese imperialism during its past colonial rule here.

## 12. To Achieve Independent Peaceful Reunification of Country:

"Anti-communist reunification" or "U.N.-supervised reunification" shall be rejected, and the peaceful reunification of the country shall be realized relying on the independent democratic will of the people in the North and South and on the nation's own efforts without any foreign interference.

National split that inspires antagonism and fratricide between the North and South shall be rejected, tension relieved, peaceful atmosphere for national reunion promoted, and every effort shall be made to open the way to talks between the North and South. Mutual contacts, interviews, personal visits and free movement, and cultural and material intercourses effected, and a nation-wide movement unfolded for the peaceful reunification.

When the revolution triumphs and the independent people's government is established, North-South negotiations shall be open without delay, and by agreement between both sides a peace declaration on the termination of the state of war and on the abolition of the truce line shall be made.

A nation-wide general election shall be held under the joint administration of the governments of both sides, on the basis of ensuring the freedom of political activities both in the North and South, to set up a unified central government. Thus shall be achieved the great cause of reunification of the country, the supreme task of the nation.

**Seoul,**
**August, 1969**

# The Central Committee of Revolutionary Party for Reunification

*The People's Korea*

Published every Wednesday by Chosun Shinbosa
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